

MEDICAL FEE DISPUTE RESOLUTION FINDINGS AND DECISION

PART I: GENERAL INFORMATION				
Requestor Name and Address:	MFDR Tracking#: M4-06-7950-01			
VISTA HOSPITAL OF DALLAS 4301 VISTA ROAD	DWC Claim #:			
PASADENA TX 77504	Injured Employee:			
Respondent Name and Carrier's Austin Representative Box #:	Date of Injury:			
VANLINER INSURANCE CO	Employer Name:			
Box #: 01	Insurance Carrier #:			

PART II: REQUESTOR'S POSITION SUMMARY

Requestor's Position Summary: "Vista Hospital of Dallas charges fair and reasonable rates for its services. Specifically, these rates are based upon a comparison of charges to other Carriers and the amount of reimbursement received for these same or similar services. The amount of reimbursement deemed to be fair and reasonable by Vista Hospital of Dallas is at a minimum, 70% of the billed charges. This is supported by the Focus managed care contract."

Amount in Dispute: \$40,190.36

PART III: RESPONDENT'S POSITION SUMMARY

Respondent's Position Summary: "On the 'Table of Disputed Services' submitted by Vista Medical Center, their rationale for increased reimbursement was, 'W10-Carrier did not make 'fair and reasonable' reimbursement and did not make consistent reimbursement.' Their rationale for increased reimbursement is non-existent, and is not based upon any arguable evidence which could possibly warrant a higher reimbursement that than which was given. The requestor bears the burden of proof that their fees are fair and reasonable, and therefore warrant a higher reimbursement than that which was received. The requestor has not provided any methodology or rationale, which they have utilized to establish their charges for each and every service and supply item utilized to justify their billing."

Response Submitted by: Workers' Compensation & "CARF" Consultants, P.O. Box 92346, Austin, TX

PART IV: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

Date(s) of Service	Denial Code(s)	Disputed Service	Amount in Dispute	Amount Due
11/17/2005	W10, (850-054)	Outpatient Surgery	\$40,190.36	\$0.00
			Total Due:	\$0.00

PART V: REVIEW OF SUMMARY, METHODOLOGY AND EXPLANATION

Texas Labor Code §413.011(a-d), titled *Reimbursement Policies and Guidelines*, and Division rule at 28 Texas Administrative Code §134.1, titled *Use of the Fee Guidelines*, effective May 16, 2002 set out the reimbursement guidelines.

This request for medical fee dispute resolution was received by the Division on August 15, 2006. Pursuant to Division rule at 28 TAC §133.307(g)(3), effective January 1, 2003, 27 TexReg 12282, applicable to disputes filed on or after January 1, 2003, the Division notified the requestor on September 11, 2006 to send additional documentation relevant to the fee dispute as set forth in the rule.

- 1. For the services involved in this dispute, the respondent reduced or denied payment with reason code:
 - W10 Payment denied/reduced because the payer deems the information submitted does not support this level of service, this many services, this length of service, this dosage, or this day's supply.
 - 850-054 The recommended payments reflect a fair, reasonable and consistent methodology or reimbursement pursuant to the criteria set forth in Section 413.011(D) of the Texas Workers' Compensation Act. M No MAR

- 2. Division rule at 28 TAC §134.401(b)(1)(B), effective August 1, 1997, 22 TexReg 6264, defines inpatient services as "Health care, as defined by the Texas Labor Code, §401.011(19), provided by an acute care hospital and rendered to a person who is admitted to an acute care hospital and whose length of stay exceeds 23 hours in any unit of the acute care hospital." Review of box 17 and 18 on the requestor's medical bill finds that the injured worker was admitted on 11/07/2005 at hour 09. Review of box 6 and box 21 finds that the injured worker was discharged on 11/05/2005 at hour 08. The submitted documentation supports that the length of stay did not exceed 23 hours; the Division therefore concludes that the services in dispute do not meet the definition of inpatient services.
- 3. This dispute relates to services with reimbursement subject to the provisions of Division rule at 28 TAC §134.1, effective May 16, 2002, 27 TexReg 4047, which requires that "Reimbursement for services not identified in an established fee guideline shall be reimbursed at fair and reasonable rates as described in the Texas Workers' Compensation Act, §413.011 until such period that specific fee guidelines are established by the commission."
- 4. Division rule at 28 TAC §133.307(g)(3)(D), effective January 1, 2003, 27 TexReg 12282, applicable to disputes filed on or after January 1, 2003, requires the requestor to provide "documentation that discusses, demonstrates, and justifies that the payment amount being sought is a fair and reasonable rate of reimbursement." Review of the submitted documentation finds that:
 - The requestor's position statement asserts that "Vista Hospital of Dallas charges fair and reasonable rates for its services. Specifically, these rates are based upon a comparison of charges to other Carriers and the amount of reimbursement received for these same or similar services."
 - The requestor did not provide documentation to demonstrate how it determined its usual and customary charges for the disputed services.
 - Documentation of the comparison of charges to other carriers was not presented for review.
 - Documentation of the amount of reimbursement received for these same or similar services was not presented for review.
 - The Division has previously found that "hospital charges are not a valid indicator of a hospital's costs of providing services nor of what is being paid by other payors," as stated in the adoption preamble to the Division's former *Acute Care Inpatient Hospital Fee Guideline*, 22 TexReg 6276 (July 4, 1997). It further states that "Alternative methods of reimbursement were considered... and rejected because they use hospital charges as their basis and allow the hospitals to affect their reimbursement by inflating their charges..." 22 TexReg 6268-6269. Therefore, the use of a hospital's "usual and customary" charges cannot be favorably considered when no other data or documentation was submitted to support that the payment amount being sought is a fair and reasonable reimbursement for the services in dispute.
 - In the alternative, the requestor asks to be reimbursed a minimum of 70% of billed charges, in support of which the requestor states that "The amount of reimbursement deemed to be fair and reasonable by Vista Hospital of Dallas is at a minimum, 70% of the billed charges. This is supported by the Focus managed care contract... It also shows numerous Insurance Carriers' willingness to provide 70% reimbursement for Out-Patient Hospital setting medical services."
 - The requestor has provided select exhibit pages from the alleged managed care contract referenced above; however, a copy of the contract referenced in the position statement was not presented for review with this dispute.
 - Review of the exhibit pages submitted by the requestor finds a schedule of charges, labeled exhibit "A", dated 04/23/92, which states that "OUTPATIENT SERVICES: 101/401 PAY 70% OF BILLED CHARGES."
 - The requestor submitted a letter of clarification dated July 30, 1992 indicating a change in reimbursement to the above referenced contract, stating in part that "services rendered to eligible Beneficiaries will be considered at 80% of the usual and reasonable charge which is equal to the <u>lesser of</u> the actual charges billed by HCP; <u>OR</u> the eightieth (80th) percentile for charges for such services as set forth in the current Medical Data Research Database."
 - The requestor submitted a fee schedule page, labeled exhibit A, dated effective August 1, 1992 which states, in part, that the provider shall receive "an amount equal to eighty percent (80%) of the Usual and Reasonable Charge for those Covered Services. For all purposes hereunder, the Usual and Reasonable Charge for such services shall be equal to the lesser of: (i) the actual charges billed by HCP for such services; or (ii) the eightieth (80th) percentile for charges for such services as set forth in the current Medical Data Research database."
 - No data or information was submitted from the Medical Data Research database to support the requested reimbursement.
 - No documentation was presented by the requestor to support that the referenced contract was in effect at the time of the disputed services.
 - The requestor's position statement further asserts that "amounts paid to healthcare providers by third party payers are relevant to determining fair and reasonable workers' compensation reimbursement. Further, the Division stated specifically that managed care contracts fulfill the requirements of Texas Labor Code § 413.011 as they are 'relevant to what fair and reasonable reimbursement is,' they are relevant to achieving cost control,' they are relevant to ensuring access to quality care,' and they are 'highly reliable.' See 22 TexReg 6272. Finally, managed care contracts

were determined by the Division to be the best indication of a market price voluntarily negotiated for medical services."

While managed care contracts are relevant to determining a fair and reasonable reimbursement, the Division has
previously found that a reimbursement methodology based upon payment of a percentage of a hospital's billed
charges does not produce an acceptable payment amount. This methodology was considered and rejected by the
Division in the adoption preamble to the Division's former Acute Care Inpatient Hospital Fee Guideline, which states
at 22 Texas Register 6276 (July 4, 1997) that:

"A discount from billed charges was another method of reimbursement which was considered. Again, this method was found unacceptable because it leaves the ultimate reimbursement in the control of the hospital, thus defeating the statutory objective of effective cost control and the statutory standard not to pay more than for similar treatment of an injured individual of an equivalent standard of living. It also provides no incentive to contain medical costs, would be administratively burdensome for the Commission and system participants, and would require additional Commission resources."

Therefore, a reimbursement amount that is calculated based upon a percentage of a hospital's billed charges cannot be favorably considered when no other data or documentation was submitted to support that the payment amount being sought is a fair and reasonable reimbursement for the services in dispute.

- In support of the requested reimbursement, the requestor submitted redacted explanations of benefits, and selected portions of EOBs, from various sample insurance carriers. However, the requestor did not discuss or explain how the sample EOBs support the requestor's position that additional payment is due. Review of the submitted documentation finds that the requestor did not establish that the sample EOBs are for services that are substantially similar to the services in dispute. The carriers' reimbursement methodologies are not described on the EOBs. Nor did the requestor explain or discuss the sample carriers' methodologies or how the payment amount was determined for each sample EOB. The requestor did not discuss whether such payment was typical for such services or for the services in dispute.
- The requestor did not submit documentation to support that payment of the amount sought is a fair and reasonable rate of reimbursement for the services in this dispute.
- The requestor did not support that payment of the requested amount would satisfy the requirements of Division rule at 28 TAC §134.1.

The request for additional reimbursement is not supported. Thorough review of the documentation submitted by the requestor finds that the requestor has not demonstrated or justified that payment of the amount sought would be a fair and reasonable rate of reimbursement for the services in dispute. Additional payment cannot be recommended.

5.	The Division would like to emphasize that individual medical fee dispute outcomes rely upon the evidence presented by
	the requestor and respondent during dispute resolution, and the thorough review and consideration of that evidence.
	After thorough review and consideration of all the evidence presented by the parties to this dispute, it is determined that
	the submitted documentation does not support the reimbursement amount sought by the requestor. The Division
	concludes that this dispute was not filed in the form and manner prescribed under Division rules at 28 Texas
	Administrative Code §133.307(g)(3)(D). The Division further concludes that the requestor failed to support its position
	that additional reimbursement is due. As a result, the amount ordered is \$0.00.

PART VI: GENERAL PAYMENT POLICIES/REFERENCES

PART VII: DIVISION DECISION						
Based upon the documentation submitted by the parties and in accordance with the provisions of Texas Labor Code §413.031, the Division has determined that the requestor is not entitled to additional reimbursement for the services involved in this dispute.						
DECISION:						
Authorized Signature	Medical Fee Dispute Resolution Officer	Date				
Authorized Signature	Manager, Medical Fee Dispute Resolution	Date Date				
PART VIII: YOUR RIGHT TO REQUEST AN APPEAL						

Either party to this medical fee dispute has a right to request an appeal. A request for hearing must be in writing and it must be received by the DWC Chief Clerk of Proceedings within **20** (twenty) days of your receipt of this decision. A request for hearing should be sent to: Chief Clerk of Proceedings, Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers Compensation, P.O. Box 17787, Austin, Texas, 78744. **Please include a copy of the Medical Fee Dispute Resolution Findings and Decision** together with other required information specified in Division rule at 28 TAC §148.3(c).

Under Texas Labor Code §413.0311, your appeal will be handled by a Division hearing under Title 28 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 142 Rules if the total amount sought does not exceed \$2,000. If the total amount sought exceeds \$2,000, a hearing will be conducted by the State Office of Administrative Hearings under Texas Labor Code §413.031.

Si prefiere hablar con una persona en español acerca de ésta correspondencia, favor de llamar a 512-804-4812.